Process-to-Process Equations:

Inches (in) to millimeters (mm) = in \times 25.4

Millimeters (mm) to inches (in) = mm/25.4

 $Volume = \pi \times R^2$

Utilization Equations:

Machine Utilization = Machine Time Used/Machine Time Available

Machine Efficiency = Actual Shots Produced/Expected Shots Produced

Part Quote:

Annual Machine Hours =
$$\frac{(Annual\ Volume + Annual\ Scrap\ Volume)\ x\ Cycle\ Time}{3600}$$

Annual Machine Cost = Annual Machine Hours x Machine Rate

Annual Labor Cost = Annual Machine Hours x % Labor x Labor Rate

Annual Material Cost =
$$(Annual\ Volume + Annual\ Scrap)\ x\ \frac{Shot\ Weight}{454}*Material\ Cost$$

Price Per 1000 =

 $(Annual\ Machine\ Cost + Annual\ Labor\ Cost + Annual\ Material\ Cost + Annual\ Setup\ Cost)\ x\ (1 + Expected\ Margin)$

1000

Expected Parts per Shift

Try this one on your own

Process Capability

Average = Use the Microsoft "Average" function

Standard Deviation = Use the Microsoft "StdDev.P" function

$$Pp = \frac{(Max\ Tolerance - Min\ Tolerance)}{(6\ x\ Standard\ Deviation)}$$

$$Ppk\ Min = \frac{(Average - Min\ Tolerance)}{(3\ x\ Standard\ Deviation)}$$

$$Ppk\ Max = \frac{(Max\ Tolerance - Average)}{(3\ x\ Standard\ Deviation)}$$